# Content Maps and Measures of Alignment for Elementary School Mathematics

The charts on the following pages present 'pictures' or descriptions of instructional and assessment content for grade 8 mathematics. The descriptions are presented in the form of 'topographic' maps, which provide a powerful graphic portrayal of data arrayed in a three dimensional space. The data upon which these content 'maps' are constructed are based in a three-dimensional construct for describing instructional content. One of these three dimensions is simply 'amount of time' spent in one topic domain relative to another. This dimension is reported as "percent of instructional time" or "percent of assessment score" depending upon whether it is describing instructional practice or the content contained in an assessment. The other two dimensions for describing content are 1) topics and 2) cognitive demand.

The taxonomy presumes that any given element of instructional content can be described in terms of the intersection of these two dimensions. For example, a test item or a lesson plan may be largely focused on the topic area of measurement. However, this information alone tells one only so much about the item or lesson itself. Is the lesson primarily concerned with providing students an opportunity to learn the terms associated with various measurement systems? Or does the lesson (or test item) require students to formulate some hypothesis, conduct a laboratory investigation, or make some calculation based upon measurement? The cognitive demand dimension offers six categories into which any of the eighty-four topics listed for middle school mathematics can be further distinguished. Thus elementary science is described using a two dimensional matrix consisting of eighty-four rows (topics) by six columns (cognitive demand), yielding a total matrix consisting of 504 unique topic by cognitive demand cells. Into each cell is entered a number representing the proportion of overall emphasis of instruction or an assessment that cell contributes to the overall content being described. It is this data set from which the content maps are constructed.

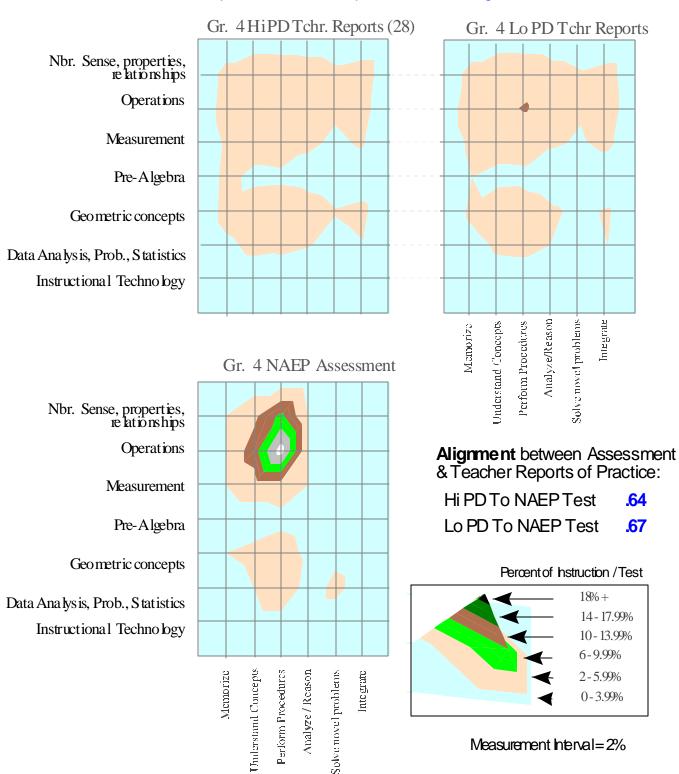
Topics are organized into two levels of grain size for middle school mathematics. The 504 cells described above represent the finest grain level of description, and is the level at which the data is collected. For ease of reporting, this fine grain data can be aggregated up to large grain 'chunks'. The eighty-four unique topics are grouped into six 'topic areas', with each topic area made up of from three to twenty-one topics. The topic areas are 1)Number sense, properties, and relationships, 2) Measure ment, 3) Data analysis, probability, statistics, 4) Algebraic concepts, 5) Geometric concepts, and 6) Instructional technology.

The maps are linked so that the reader may jump between grain sizes. Move to finer grain descriptions by clicking the relevant topic area labelor section of the map. Use the arrow in the bottom left corner to move up a level of grain size.

Alignment measures calculate the extent of agreement between two content embedded descriptions (generally instruction to assessment, though alignment can be measured between two assessment instruments or between two descriptions of practice). On the following pages, alignment measures are reported for NAEP to instruction and state assessment to instruction. The numbers reported for a given page are based on the data for that page. That is to say, in interpreting an alignment measure one would read the information as:For that portion of content focused on 'X'(given in title of chart), there is a .nn level of agreement between the instruction and assessment be ing reported. Alignment measures range from 0 to 1, with zero representing no alignment, and 1 representing perfect alignment.

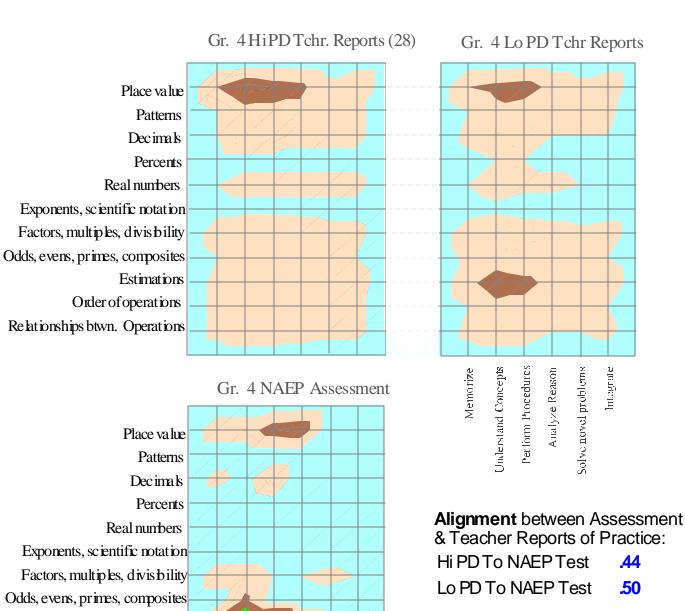
# Grade 4 Mathematics Large Grain Content Maps

Click on topic area label or map area to see finer grain size.



Measurement Interval = 2%

## Grade 4 Mathematics Number sense, properties, relationships Fine Grain Content Maps



Click here

To increase grain size

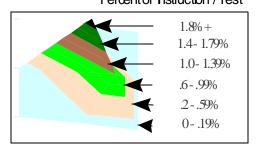
Estimations

Order of operations

Relationships btwn. Operations

Memorize
Understand Concepts
Perform Procedures
Analyze/ Reason
Solve novel problems

Percent of Instruction / Test



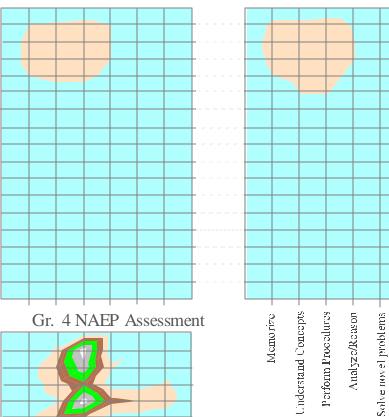
Measurement Interval = 02%

#### Grade 4 Mathematics Operations Fine Grain Content Maps

Gr. 4HiPD Tchr. Reports (28)

Gr. 4 Lo PD Tchr Reports

Add, subtract whole numbers Multiplication whole numbers Divisions whole numbers Comb. of add, subtract, multiply, divide by whole numbers Equivalent factors Add, subtract fractions Multiply fractions Divide fractions Comb. of add, subtract, multiply, divide fractions Ratio, proport ion Representations of fractions Decimal equivalent to fraction Add, subtract decimals Mult iply decimals Divide decimals Comb. of add, subtract, multiply. divide decimals



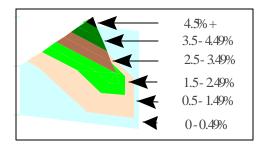
Add, subtract whole numbers Multiplication whole numbers Divisions whole numbers Comb. of add, subtract, multiply, divide by whole numbers Equivalent factors Add, subtract fractions Multiply fractions Divide fractions Comb. of add, subtract, multiply, divide fractions Ratio, proportion Representations of fractions Decimal equivalent to fraction Add, subtract decimals Mult iply decimals Divide decimals Comb. of add, subtract, multiply, divide decimals

**Alignment** between Assessment & Teacher Reports of Practice:

Hi PD To NAEP Test .11

Lo PD To NAEP Test .13

Percent of Instruction / Te st



Measurement Interval = 0.5%



To increase grain size

Memorize

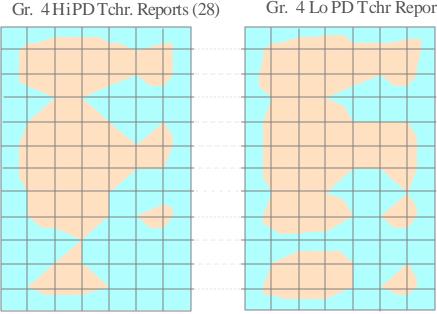
Indeposit Cancepts

Perform Procedures
Analyze / Reason
Solve novel problems

#### Grade 4 Mathematics Measurement Fine Grain Content Maps

Gr. 4 Lo PD Tchr Reports

Use of measuring instruments Units of measure Conversions Metric (SI) system Length, per imeter Area, volume Surface area Telling time Circ les (e.g. pi, radius, area) Mass (weight) Time, temperature



Use of measuring instruments Units of measure Convers ions Metric (SI) system Length, perimeter Area, volume Surface area Telling time Circ les (e.g. pi, radius, area) Mass (weight) Time, temperature

Gr. 4 NAEP Assessment

Solve novel problems Alignment between Assessment & Teacher Reports of Practice:

Analyze/Reason

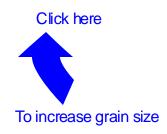
Inderstand Concepts

Perform Procedures

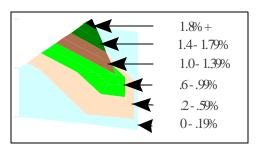
Memorizc

Hi PD To NAEP Test .51 Lo PD To NAEP Test 49

Percent of Instruction / Test



Understand Cancepts Memorize Perform Procedures Analyze / Reason Solve novel problems



Measurement Interval = 0.2%

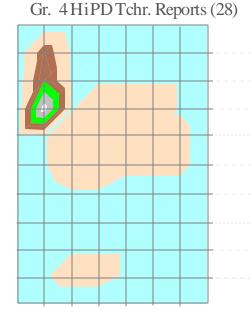
# Grade 4 Mathematics Pre-Algebra Fine Grain Content Maps

Express ions, number sentences
Equations (e.g., missing value)

Absolute value
Function (e.g., input/output)

Integers
Use of variables, unknowns
Inequalities
Properties

Patterns





Gr. 4 Lo PD Tchr Reports

Gr. 4 NAEP Assessment

Express ions, number sentences

Equations (e.g., missing value)

Absolute value

Function (e.g., input/output)

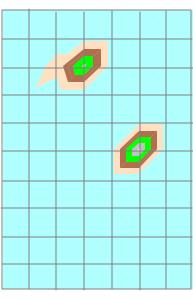
Integers

Use of variables, unknowns

Inequalities

Properties

Patterns



Understand Concepts
Perform Procedures
Analyze/Reason
Solve novel problems

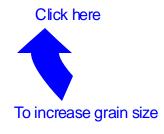
Memorizo

**Alignment** between Assessment & Teacher Reports of Practice:

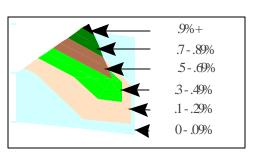
Hi PDTo NAEP Test .15

Lo PD To NAEP Test .16

Percent of In struction / Te st

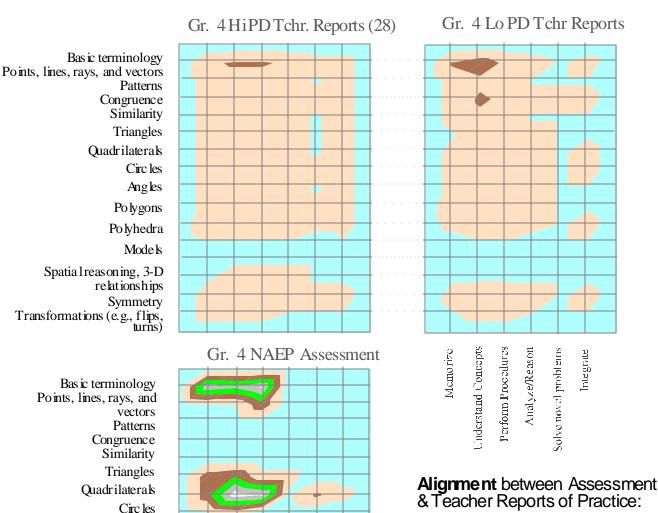






Measurement Interval = 0.1%

# Grade 4 Mathematics Geometric Concept Fine Grain Content Maps



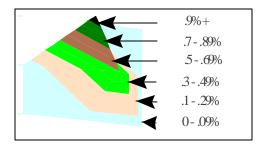
Angles Polygons Po lyhedra Mode k Spatia Ireasoning, 3-D relationships Symmetry Transformations (e.g., flips, turns) Click here



Mcmorizo Understand Cancepts Perform Procedures Analyze / Reason Solve novel problems & Teacher Reports of Practice:

Hi PD To NAEP Test .31 .32 Lo PD To NAEP Test

Percent of Instruction / Te st

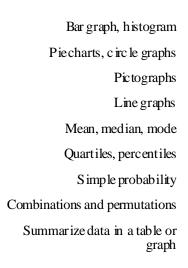


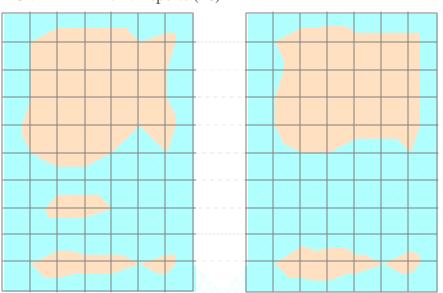
Measurement Interval = 0.1%

# Grade 4 Mathematics Data Analysis, Probability, Statistics Fine Grain Content Maps

Gr. 4HiPD Tchr. Reports (28)

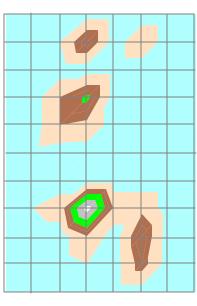
Gr. 4 Lo PD Tchr Reports





Gr. 4 NAEP Assessment

Bar graph, histogram
Pie charts, circ le graphs
Pictographs
Line graphs
Mean, median, mode
Quartiles, percentiles
Simple probability
Combinations and permutations
Summarize data in a table or graph



Memorize
Understand Cancepts
Perform Procedures
Analyze / Reason
Solve novel problems

**Alignment** between Assessment & Teacher Reports of Practice:

Analyze/Reason

Hi PD To NAEP Test .33
Lo PD To NAEP Test .34

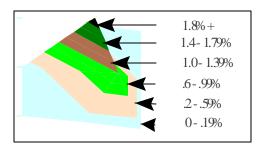
Understand Concepts
Perform Procedures

Мешоліте

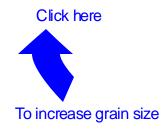
Percent of Instruction / Test

Solve novel problems

Integrate



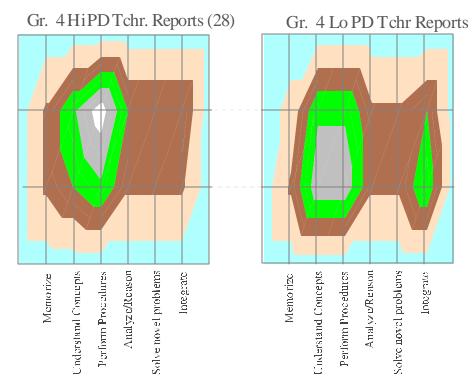
Measurement Interval = 0.2%



## Grade 4 Mathematics Instructional Technology Fine Grain Content Maps

Use of calculators

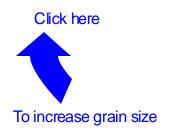
Computers and Internet

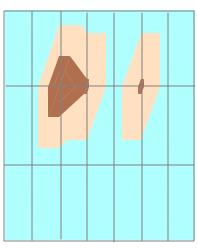


Gr. 4 NAEP Assessment

Use of calculators

Computers and Internet



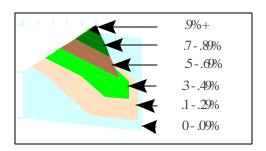


Memorize
Understand Concepts
Perform Procedures
Analyze / Reason
Solve novel problems

**Alignment** between Assessment & Teacher Reports of Practice:

Hi PD To NAEP Test .36
Lo PD To NAEP Test .28

Percent of Instruction / Te st



Measurement Interval = 0.1%